made this Shetland's most productive agricultural district. ores. Sandy soil and generations of careful farming have although there are also deposits of soapstone and copper Old Red Sandstone rocks, some 370 million years old, The land has mostly been carved by glaciers out of ancient

silhouettes on the ocean horizon. while to seaward Fair Isle and Foula make romantic fringe beaches of shell sand and secluded rocky coves, and Fitful Head are on an epic scale: crofts and farmland The views from summits such as the Wart of Scousburgh

South Mainland. and along the ridge of hills which forms the spine of the by bus. There is excellent walking around the coastline Sumburgh make this an ideal area to explore by car or The many side roads off the A970 from Lerwick to

Exploring the area

breserved Iron Age broch. access to the island of Mousa, featuring a beautifully stunning sandy tombolo of St Ninian's beach and ferry Attractions include Sumburgh Head Lighthouse, the

whale-watching viewpoints. seabird cliffs, wildfowl lochs, seal rookeries and sti ni snoitactions wildlife attractions in its extraordinary concentration of archaeological most attractive scenery. This includes an south from Lerwick boasts some of Shetland's The narrow peninsula which runs 25 miles

bnelnieM yanos

Welcome to the

tor opening times and ticket information. round. Check Historic Environment Scotland's website village and medieval farmstead. The site is open all year an Iron Age broch and wheelhouses to a sizeable Viking years of human settlement, from Bronze Age buildings to at the West Voe of Sumburgh. The site showcases 4,000 stonework under a grassy mound above the sandy beach 100 years ago when violent storms exposed massive excavated in the British Isles, Jarlshof came to light over One of the most remarkable archaeological sites ever

Jarlshof

waders, and sometimes Shelducks. your car makes a convenient hide to watch migrating of Virkie, on the north side of Sumburgh Airport, where Another good birding spot is the roadside by the Pool

be seen basking on the rocks at the foot of the cliffs. Closer to the shore, common and grey seals can often dolphins, harbour porpoises, orcas and minke whales. breaking the water's surface, including white-sided Looking out to sea, you may spot some sea mammals

Oystercatcher, Wren and Twite are also commonly seen. Razorbill, Kittiwake and Fulmar can all be found here. birds during the breeding season. Puffin, Guillemot, The cliffs surrounding the site are teeming with

Puffins (April-August) and much more. and Iron Age settlers to lighthouse keepers, whales, of Sumburgh Head from early geological beginnings family. Visit and explore the history and natural heritage engaging and interactive experience for the whole Reserve is a world-class visitor attraction, providing an Sumburgh Head Lighthouse, Visitor Centre and Nature Sumburgh Head

up towards Lerwick. from the tip of the South Mainland and back

Things to see and do

Places to visit travelling from south to north,



crofting equipment. The mill includes centre with an exhibition of old farming methods and watermill has been beautifully restored and houses a visitor Under the shadow of Fitful Head, this 19th-century

Quendale Mill

Trust website for more details. visitor booking is essential. See the Shetland Amenity Scatness is managed by Shetland Amenity Trust and a unique opportunity to better understand the past. Old in artefacts and has remarkable preservation, allowing 2,000 years under metres of sand and soil, the site is rich Britain's most exciting Iron Age villages. Buried for nearly Broch where an archaeological dig has revealed one of Less than a mile from Jarlshof you'll find **Old Scatness**

Old Scatness













Useful information

See the South Mainland timetable on the ZetTrans website zettrans.org.uk

Ferry booking office

Mousa Boat | +44 (0)7901 872339 | info@mousa.co.uk

Visitor information points Quendale Mill | +44 (0)1950 460969

Hoswick Visitor Centre | +44 (0)1950 431406

Museums and visitor centres

Sumburgh Head | Jarlshof | Scatness Quendale Mill | Crofthouse Museum | Hoswick Sandsayre | Cunningsburgh

Public toilets

Grutness Pier | Sumburgh | Sandwick Bigton | Cunningsburgh

Post offices

Dunrossness | Sandwick

Shops

Dunrossness | Bigton | Sandwick **Fuel**

Dunrossness

Swimming pool Sandwick | +44 (0)1595 807719

Health centre

Levenwick | +44 (0)1950 461222

Police 101

2024 | Disclaimer

All details believed to be accurate at the time of going to print.

















↑ Mousa Broch VisitScotland / Kenny Lam

↑ Crofthouse Museum David Gifford

Crofthouse Museum

For a flavour of what life was like in Shetland over 100 years ago, a visit to the **Crofthouse Museum** is a must. Inside the restored homestead with its thatched roof cottage, barn and byre you'll find homemade furniture, such as a box bed, Shetland chairs and a spinning wheel.

Nearby is a restored watermill, typical of those which ground oats and barley for most Shetland crofting townships until larger mills such as Quendale Mill were built in the mid-19th century. For more information and opening times, see the Shetland Museum and Archives website.

Spiggie Loch and Beach

On the side road from **Quendale** to **Scousburgh** you pass **Spiggie Loch**, an RSPB reserve for wildfowl featuring a purpose-built hide. In late autumn, hundreds of migrating Whooper Swans and Greylag Geese from Iceland pass through here while in summer Arctic Terns and Great Skuas bathe in the shallows.

This is one of the richest lochs in Shetland, with good trout fishing. The burn leading down to **Peerie Spiggie Beach** is celebrated for sea trout. Nearby, Spiggie Beach makes a popular and sheltered bathing beach. On the road connecting Bigton and Scousburgh you'll see **Rerwick**, a sandy spot where seals like to bathe on the sand. Observe them from the road and try not to disturb them.

St Ninian's Isle

St Ninian's Isle became famous in 1958, when a schoolboy helping at an archaeological dig on the island's tiny Celtic chapel discovered a hoard of silver bowls and ornaments. The treasure, believed to date from around 800AD, is kept in Edinburgh but replicas are displayed at Shetland Museum and Archives in Lerwick. The stunning, white sandy tombolo beach which leads to the island is one of Shetland's most photographed vistas. There's also a good walk over to and around the isle.

Another fine bathing beach is **Levenwick**, on the east coast just three miles east of **Bigton**. Nearby is the scenic inlet of **Channerwick** and the villages of **Sandwick** and **Hoswick**, which lie on latitude 60 degrees north – the same parallel as Cape Farewell, Greenland.

Sandwick

The village of Sandwick is home to the excellent **Hoswick Visitor Centre**, which has a range of exhibits, local arts and crafts. There is also an excellent cafe and visitor information point, as well as a knitwear factory, shops and jewellers nearby. The car park has charging facilities for electric vehicles.

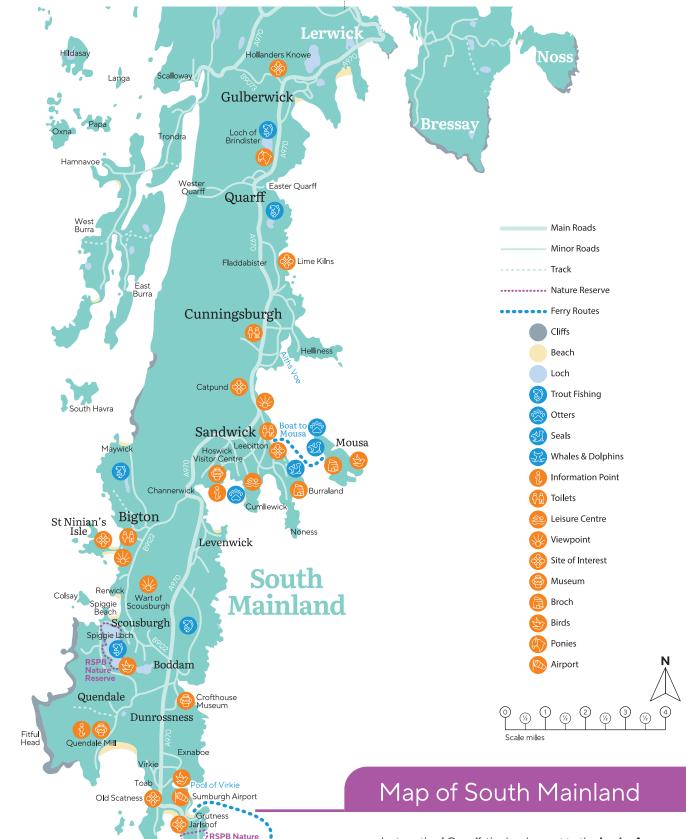
There is good coastal walking around the headlands at **Cumliewick** and **Noness**. At **Burraland** the ruins of the croft houses are a reminder of how communities were cleared from their homes to make way for sheep. The nearby broch remains look across the sound to **Mousa Broch**.

Mousa Broch

Mousa Broch is the finest surviving example of a 2,000-year-old Iron Age tower, or broch. It was one of about 120 built throughout Shetland. Mentioned in the Norse sagas as an eloping lovers' hideout, Mousa Broch is one of the wonders of European archaeology.

Storm Petrels nest in the broch's stone chambers. Feeding far out to sea, these tiny swallow-like birds return to their nests under the cover of darkness to avoid other larger predatory seabirds. A midnight excursion to see and hear the Storm Petrels is an experience not to be missed in the summer months.

Mousa abounds in other wildlife: a large colony of common and grey seals basks on the east side of the island; there's a chance you may see otters; Fulmars, Black Guillemots are very common; and Great Skuas, Arctic Skuas and Arctic Terns defend their nesting grounds by dive-bombing all intruders, humans included – so try to walk round the breeding colonies.



During the summer, the Mousa Boat leaves from the **pier** of **Sandsayre** at **Leebitton** in Sandwick and the trip is one of the best ways to see harbour porpoises at close range, as they feed on shoals of fish in Mousa Sound. Visit the Mousa Boat website for details of ferry times.

The restored boatsheds at Sandsayre combine the waiting room for the Mousa Boat with marine, historical, cultural and environmental displays.

Cunningsburgh

At **Catpund**, on the hillside above the main **Sandwick** to **Cunningsburgh** road, the ancient inhabitants of Shetland worked steatite, or soapstone. The rock is soft and easy to carve but hardens when subjected to heat. Along the Catpund Burn you can still see the shapes left hundreds of years ago as bowls, urns and other utensils were hacked out of the rock.

A detour through the village of Cunningsburgh, site of the annual agricultural show (August), brings you to the quiet inlet of **Aiths Voe**, where the marina features modern hook-ups and facilities for campervans and caravans.

Throughout the summer, Sunday teas are served in the **Cunningsburgh Hall** and the adjacent History Hut and restored boat house have local history displays.

The next side road goes through the old crofting township of **Fladdabister**, where there are the ruins of lime kilns used until the early 20th century. There is spectacular scenery following the coastline north to **Quarff**.

Quarff and Gulberwick

Easter and **Wester Quarff** lie at opposite ends of one of Shetland's few east-west valleys. Here the ice burst through the grain of the landscape and carved a classic glacial valley where the Atlantic Ocean and the North Sea are less than two miles apart.

Just north of Quarff, the lay-by next to the **Loch of Brindister** is one of the best places to meet Shetland ponies. Out in the loch, a tiny island holds the ruins of a dun, a prehistoric fort.

Returning to Lerwick, the main road skirts **Gulberwick**, where the Viking Earl Rognvald was shipwrecked in 1148AD. Above the farm of Wick is the **Hollanders' Knowe**, a traditional trading place between islanders and Dutch fishermen in the 17th and 18th centuries.

Puffins, Sumburgh Head 🗸

